

Civic Centre, Arnot Hill Park, Arnold, Nottinghamshire, NG5 6LU

Agenda

Environment and Licensing Committee

Date: Tuesday 6 March 2018

Time: **4.15 pm**

Place: Council Chamber

For any further information please contact:

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Democratic Services Officer

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Environment and Licensing Committee

Membership

Chair Councillor Marje Paling

Vice-Chair Councillor Nicki Brooks

Councillor Bruce Andrews
Councillor Sandra Barnes
Councillor Bob Collis
Councillor Sarah Hewson
Councillor Barbara Miller
Councillor Carol Pepper
Councillor Alex Scroggie
Councillor Jane Walker
Councillor Paul Wilkinson
Councillor Meredith Lawrence

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MINUTES ENVIRONMENT AND LICENSING COMMITTEE

Tuesday 6 February 2018

Councillor Marje Paling (Chair)

Present: Councillor Nicki Brooks Councillor Alex Scroggie

Councillor Bruce Andrews Councillor Jane Walker
Councillor Bob Collis Councillor Paul Wilkinson

Councillor Sarah Hewson

Absent: Councillor Sandra Barnes, Councillor Barbara Miller

and Councillor Carol Pepper

Officers in Attendance: P Gibbs, A Callingham, L Chaplin, L Mellors and

C Allcock

148 APOLOGIES FOR ABSENCE AND SUBSTITUTIONS.

Apologies were received from Councillors Barnes, Miller and Pepper.

Councillor Lawrence attended as substitute.

149 TO APPROVE, AS A CORRECT RECORD, THE MINUTES OF THE MEETING HELD ON 5 DECEMBER 2017.

RESOLVED:

That the minutes of the above meeting, having been circulated, be approved as a correct record, subject to the following amendments:

- 1. Minute Item 143 remove 'which warranted no departure from policy' and amend to read 'which warranted departure from policy'.
- 2. Minute Item 145 remove 'issued with a warning' and amend to read 'and issue with a warning'.

150 DECLARATION OF INTERESTS.

None.

151 PROPOSED GENERAL AND TAXI LICENSING FEES FOR 2018/19

Consideration was given to the report by the Service Manager, Public Protection, which had been circulated prior to the meeting, to seek approval for a proposed increase to taxi licensing fees for 2018/19.

RESOLVED:

- 1. To approve the fees and charges for 2018/19 with effect from 1st April 2018.
- 2. To approve the fees for taxi operators and vehicle licences as detailed in Appendix 1 for 2018/19 for advertisement in accordance with the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976, such fees to automatically come into force if no objections are received within the statutory period.
- 3. To approve the proposed fees for taxi driver's licences detailed in for 2018/19 for advertisement and the Corporate Director in consultation with the Chair of Environment and Licensing Committee be authorised to agree the final fees after taking into account any comments received during the consultation period.

152 ANY OTHER ITEM WHICH THE CHAIR CONSIDERS URGENT.

None.

153 EXCLUSION OF THE PRESS AND PUBLIC.

RESOLVED:

That, the Members being satisfied that the public interest in maintaining the exemption outweighs the public interest in disclosing the information that under Section 100(A)(4) of the Local Government Act 1972, the public and press be excluded from the meeting during the consideration of the ensuing reports on the grounds that the report involves the likely disclosure of exempt information as defined in Paragraph 7 of Part 1 of Schedule 12A of the Local Government Act 1972.

154 APPLICATION FOR A RENEWAL OF A ONE YEAR JOINT HACKNEY CARRIAGE / PRIVATE HIRE DRIVERS' LICENCE (AQ)

Consideration was given to a report by Director of Health and Community Wellbeing, which had been circulated prior to the meeting, regarding an application for a renewal Joint Hackney Carriage/Private Hire Driver's Licence for AQ.

AQ attended the meeting and addressed the Committee.

In making its decision, the Committee applied the Council's approved Policy and Guidelines. On the basis of what it heard, the Committee

was satisfied on balance that no exceptional circumstances existed which warranted departure from policy.

RESOLVED:

To refuse AQ's application for a renewal Joint Hackney Carriage/Private Hire Driver's Licence on the grounds that he is not a fit and proper person.

AQ was advised of his right to appeal against the decision of the Committee.

155 APPLICATION FOR A THREE YEAR JOINT HACKNEY CARRIAGE / PRIVATE HIRE DRIVERS' LICENCE (BA)

Consideration was given to a report by Director of Health and Community Wellbeing, which had been circulated prior to the meeting, regarding an application for a Joint Hackney Carriage/Private Hire Driver's Licence for BA.

BA attended the meeting and addressed the Committee.

In making its decision, the Committee applied the Council's approved Policy and Guidelines. On the basis of what it heard, the Committee was satisfied on balance that no exceptional circumstances existed which warranted departure from policy.

RESOLVED:

To approve BA's application for a Joint Hackney Carriage/Private Hire Driver's Licence for a period of 1 year only due to his previous convictions.

156 APPLICATION FOR A THREE YEAR JOINT HACKNEY CARRIAGE / PRIVATE HIRE DRIVERS' LICENCE (MDS)

Consideration was given to a report by Director of Health and Community Wellbeing, which had been circulated prior to the meeting, regarding an application for a Joint Hackney Carriage/Private Hire Driver's Licence for MDS.

MDS attended the meeting and addressed the Committee.

In making its decision, the Committee applied the Council's approved Policy and Guidelines. On the basis of what it heard, the Committee was satisfied on balance that no exceptional circumstances existed which warranted departure from policy.

RESOLVED:

To approve MDS's application for a Joint Hackney Carriage/Private Hire Driver's Licence for a period of 3 years.

157 APPLIATION FOR A THREE YEAR JOINT HACKNEY CARRIAGE / PRIVATE HIRE DRIVERS' LICENCE (UY)

Consideration was given to a report by Director of Health and Community Wellbeing, which had been circulated prior to the meeting, regarding an application for a Joint Hackney Carriage/Private Hire Driver's Licence for UY.

UY attended the meeting and addressed the Committee.

In making its decision, the Committee applied the Council's approved Policy and Guidelines. On the basis of what it heard, the Committee was satisfied on balance that no exceptional circumstances existed which warranted departure from policy.

RESOLVED:

To approve UY's application for a Joint Hackney Carriage/Private Hire Driver's Licence for a period of 3 years.

The meeting finished at 6.00 pm

Signed by Chair: Date:



Report to Environment and Licensing Committee

Subject: Update of byelaws relating to acupuncture, tattooing, semi-

permanent skin-colouring, cosmetic piercing and electrolysis

Date: 6th March 2018

Author: Food, Health and Housing Manager

Wards Affected: All wards

Purpose:

To obtain member approval to commence consultation with all local businesses likely to be affected by the adoption of consolidated model byelaws relating to acupuncture, tattooing, semi–permanent skin–colouring, cosmetic piercing and electrolysis ("the byelaws") and, subject to consideration of consultation responses, to seek support from members for referral of the byelaws to full council for the byelaws to be made under seal and referred to the Secretary of State for the Department of Health for the byelaws to be confirmed.

Key Decision: No

Background

- 1.1 Many authorities such as Gedling adopted the earlier provisions contained in the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1982 allowing the registration of skin piercers, performing acupuncture, tattooing, ear piercing and electrolysis and had made byelaws to better control hygiene and cleanliness at such businesses. The other authorities in Nottinghamshire have taken up or are looking to adopt the extended provisions which will provide a more consistent and up to date approach to skin piercing in the county. Before this extension of the regulation to body piercing the only control for body piercing businesses resided and quite general provisions of the Health and Safety at Work etc Act 1974, Section 3 (protection of members of the public in a work premises).
- 1.2 To reflect changes in the way the piercing and tattooing industry has altered, with the introduction of new techniques and treatments, the

Department of Health has produced a consolidated model byelaw combining acupuncture, ear piercing, electrolysis and tattooing with semi-permanent makeup tattooing and cosmetic piercing. The new byelaw model followed earlier changes brought about by the Local Government Act 2003. (Section 120 and Schedule 6), which allowed local authorities to adopt provisions requiring those carrying on skin piercing and micropigmentation, semi-permanent makeup and temporary tattooing to register themselves and their premises. Once a registration is received an inspection is carried out to check practices and procedures to ensure minimum safety standards are achieved. The byelaws set out the standard for the business to comply with.

- 1.3 The Department of Health has produced a single consolidated byelaw that authorities can adopt combining acupuncture, ear piercing, electrolysis and tattooing with semi-permanent tattooing and cosmetic piercing. It is now considered timely to adopt the wider hygiene controls afforded by the Local Government Act and the single consolidating byelaw.
- 1.4 The Department of Health has produced guidance on the byelaw application process, which officers will be able to follow when making a byelaw submission to the Secretary of State. Notice of the intention of this Authority to apply to the Secretary of State for the confirmation of the byelaw must be advertised in a local paper and on the website at least one calendar month before. A copy of the byelaw must also be available for public inspection after it has been sealed. A copy of the model byelaw is reproduced as Appendix A
- 1.5 Gedling explored adopting and consolidating the byelaws back in 2009. It was brought before the Council and this Committee and was approved to commence the process of making the consolidated byelaws. However the proposal was not ever implemented. Now the Council receives an increasing amount of enquiries from operators wanting to offer semi-permanent makeup treatments, without modified byelaws in place the Council are not in a position to enforce registration and minimum safety standards. Therefore due to business_demand and our role in protecting consumers' health and safety this has prompted the need for current byelaws to be reviewed to ensure they remain current and fit for purpose.
- 1.6 It is proposed that a full consultation with all businesses and persons who may have an interest in the adoption of the byelaws in Gedling Borough be undertaken. During March and April 2018 letters will be sent out to all current registered businesses offering acupuncture, tattooing, ear piercing and electrolysis along with any other businesses or persons who may offer these and any semi-permanent skin-colouring or cosmetic piercing services. The letter will briefly outline the implications of adopting the byelaws and how stakeholders can respond to the consultation. The consultation and a copy of the byelaws will be hosted via the Council's

- website 'have your say' page. Where required, officers will be able to discuss any matters arising with the proprietors. Although adopting the byelaw will add to the initial workload of officers, this can be accommodated in the work programme for the coming year.
- 1.7 There are health benefits for bringing these businesses under the same regulatory framework that currently exists for acupuncture, tattooing, ear piercing and electrolysis, including the contributing to the general protection of the health of customers, reducing specific blood borne viruses such as Hepatitis B and C and specifying cleanliness standards for premises and fittings.

Proposal

- 2.1 It is proposed that members approve the draft byelaws at Appendix A to go out to an 8 week consultation in the manner described in the report.
- 2.2 It is proposed that the consultation responses are considered by the Service Manager for Public Protection in consultation with the Chairman of Environment and Licensing Committee. Should any significant changes be made to the byelaws as a result of the consultation response, or should there be any significant objection to the introduction of the byelaws, these will be reported to Committee prior to the byelaws being referred to Council.
- 2.3 It is proposed that if the consultation responses do not need further consideration by the Committee as outlined above, that members approve the draft byelaws at Appendix A to be referred to full council for the byelaws to be made under seal, advertise our intention to submit to the Secretary of State and refer to the Secretary of State for the Department of Health for confirmation.

Alternative Options

3.1 The Council could continue to operate under its current byelaws and not consult or make new byelaws. However, it is considered in light of the new techniques developing in the industry that some regulation of those techniques is necessary to ensure good hygiene standards and public safety. Regulation of the industry is only through byelaws and the byelaws need to be up to date and fit for purpose.

Financial Implications

4.1 There are minimal financial implications from this report. The Council will have to hold a consultation to adopt the byelaws, and those subject to the scheme will be required to pay a registration fee to cover the cost of regulating the standards required for relevant businesses. This will all be

delivered within existing resources.

Appendices

5.1 Appendix A - Model byelaw

Background Papers

6.1 None

Recommendation(s)

That members:

- 7.1 Approve the draft byelaws at Appendix A to go out to consultation in the manner set out in the report.
- 7.2 Authorise the Service Manager in consultation with the Chairman of Environment and Licensing Committee to assess responses from the consultation to determine whether the byelaws need to be referred back to the Environment and Licensing Committee prior to adoption.
- 7.3 Authorise the Service Manager in consultation with the Chairman of the Environment and Licensing Committee to make any minor amendments to the byelaws following consultation and prior to referral to full Council for making.
- 7.4 Subject to the results of the consultation, recommend the byelaws at Appendix A with any minor amendments necessary, be referred to Council and to be made under seal.

Reasons for Recommendations

To ensure the Council have appropriate byelaws in place to enable regulation of the cosmetic/piercing businesses in the Borough and to ensure that local businesses and the public are consulted on the proposals.



BYELAWS

FOR THE REGULATION OF

Acupuncture, tattooing, semi-permanent skin-colouring, cosmetic piercing and electrolysis

Byelaws for the purposes of securing the cleanliness of premises registered under sections 14(2) or 15(2) or both of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1982 and fittings in such premises and of persons registered under sections 14(1) or 15(1) or both of the Act and persons assisting them and of securing the cleansing and, so far as appropriate, sterilization of instruments, materials and equipment used in connection with the practice of acupuncture or the business of tattooing, semi-permanent skin-colouring, cosmetic piercing or electrolysis, or any two or more of such practice and businesses made by Gedling Borough Council in pursuance of sections 14(7) or 15(7) or both of the Act.

Interpretation

- 1.—(1) In these byelaws, unless the context otherwise requires—
 - "The Act" means the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1982;
 - "client" means any person undergoing treatment;
 - "hygienic piercing instrument" means an instrument such that any part of the instrument that touches a client is made for use in respect of a single client, is sterile, disposable and is fitted with piercing jewellery supplied in packaging that indicates the part of the body for which it is intended, and that is designed to pierce either—
 - (a) the lobe or upper flat cartilage of the ear, or
 - (b) either side of the nose in the mid-crease area above the nostril;
 - "operator" means any person giving treatment, including a proprietor;
 - "premises" means any premises registered under sections 14(2) or 15(2) of the Act;
 - "proprietor" means any person registered under sections 14(1) or 15(1) of the Act;
 - "treatment" means any operation in effecting acupuncture, tattooing, semi-permanent skin-colouring, cosmetic piercing or electrolysis;
 - "the treatment area" means any part of premises where treatment is given to clients.
- (2) The Interpretation Act 1978 shall apply for the interpretation of these byelaws as it applies for the interpretation of an Act of Parliament.

- **2.**—(1) For the purpose of securing the cleanliness of premises and fittings in such premises a proprietor shall ensure that—
 - (a) any internal wall, door, window, partition, floor, floor covering or ceiling is kept clean and in such good repair as to enable it to be cleaned effectively;
 - (b) any waste material, or other litter arising from treatment is handled and disposed of in accordance with relevant legislation and guidance as advised by the local authority;
 - (c) any needle used in treatment is single-use and disposable, as far as is practicable, or otherwise is sterilized for each treatment, is suitably stored after treatment and is disposed of in accordance with relevant legislation and guidance as advised by the local authority;
 - (d) any furniture or fitting in premises is kept clean and in such good repair as to enable it to be cleaned effectively;
 - (e) any table, couch or seat used by a client in the treatment area which may become contaminated with blood or other body fluids, and any surface on which a needle, instrument or equipment is placed immediately prior to treatment has a smooth impervious surface which is disinfected—
 - (i) immediately after use; and
 - (ii) at the end of each working day.
 - (f) any table, couch, or other item of furniture used in treatment is covered by a disposable paper sheet which is changed for each client;
 - (g) no eating, drinking, or smoking is permitted in the treatment area and a notice or notices reading "No Smoking", and "No Eating or Drinking" is prominently displayed there.
- (2)(a) Subject to sub-paragraph (b), where premises are registered under section 14(2) (acupuncture) or 15(2) (tattooing, semi-permanent skin-colouring, cosmetic piercing and electrolysis) of the 1982 Act, a proprietor shall ensure that treatment is given in a treatment area used solely for giving treatment;
- (b) Sub-paragraph (a) shall not apply if the only treatment to be given in such premises is earpiercing or nose-piercing using a hygienic piercing instrument.
- (3)(a) Subject to sub-paragraph (b), where premises are registered under section 15(2) (tattooing, semi-permanent skin-colouring and cosmetic piercing) of the 1982 Act, a proprietor shall ensure that the floor of the treatment area is provided with a smooth impervious surface;
- (b) Sub-paragraph (a) shall not apply if the only treatment to be given in such premises is ear-piercing or nose-piercing using a hygienic piercing instrument.
- **3.**—(1) For the purpose of securing the cleansing and so far as is appropriate, the sterilization of needles, instruments, jewellery, materials and equipment used in connection with treatment—
 - (a) an operator shall ensure that—
 - (i) any gown, wrap or other protective clothing, paper or other covering, towel, cloth or other such article used in treatment—
 - (aa) is clean and in good repair and, so far as is appropriate, is sterile;
 - (bb) has not previously been used in connection with another client unless it consists of a material which can be and has been adequately cleansed and, so far as is appropriate, sterilized.
 - (ii) any needle, metal instrument, or other instrument or equipment used in treatment or for handling such needle, instrument or equipment and any part of a hygienic piercing instrument that touches a client is sterile:
 - (iii) any jewellery used for cosmetic piercing by means of a hygienic piercing instrument is sterile;
 - (iv) any dye used for tattooing or semi-permanent skin-colouring is sterile and inert;
 - (v) any container used to hold dye for tattooing or semi-permanent skin-colouring is either disposed of at the end of each treatment or is cleaned and sterilized before re-use.
 - (b) a proprietor shall provide—
 - (i) adequate facilities and equipment for—

- (aa) cleansing; and
- (bb) sterilization, unless only pre-sterilized items are used.
- (ii) sufficient and safe gas points and electrical socket outlets;
- (iii) an adequate and constant supply of clean hot and cold water on the premises;
- (iv) clean and suitable storage which enables contamination of the articles, needles, instruments and equipment mentioned in paragraphs 3(1)(a)(i), (ii), (iii), (iv) and (v) to be avoided as far as possible.
- **4.**—(1) For the purpose of securing the cleanliness of operators, a proprietor—
 - (a) shall ensure that an operator—
 - (i) keeps his hands and nails clean and his nails short;
 - (ii) keeps any open lesion on an exposed part of the body effectively covered by an impermeable dressing;
 - (iii) wears disposable examination gloves that have not previously been used with another client, unless giving acupuncture otherwise than in the circumstances described in paragraph 4(3);
 - (iv) wears a gown, wrap or protective clothing that is clean and washable, or alternatively a disposable covering that has not previously been used in connection with another client;
 - (v) does not smoke or consume food or drink in the treatment area; and
 - (b) shall provide—
 - (i) suitable and sufficient washing facilities appropriately located for the sole use of operators, including an adequate and constant supply of clean hot and cold water, soap or detergent; and
 - (ii) suitable and sufficient sanitary accommodation for operators.
- (2) Where an operator carries out treatment using only a hygienic piercing instrument and a proprietor provides either a hand hygienic gel or liquid cleaner, the washing facilities that the proprietor provides need not be for the sole use of the operator.
- (3) Where an operator gives acupuncture a proprietor shall ensure that the operator wears disposable examination gloves that have not previously been used with another client if—
 - (a) the client is bleeding or has an open lesion on an exposed part of his body; or
 - (b) the client is known to be infected with a blood-borne virus; or
 - (c) the operator has an open lesion on his hand; or
 - (d) the operator is handling items that may be contaminated with blood or other body fluids.
- **5.** A person registered in accordance with sections 14 (acupuncture) or 15 (tattooing, semi-permanent skin-colouring, cosmetic piercing and electrolysis) of the Act who visits people at their request to give them treatment should observe the requirements relating to an operator in paragraphs 3(1)(a) and 4(1)(a).
- **6.** The byelaws relating to Acupuncture, Ear piercing, Electrolysis and Tattooing that were made by Gedling Borough Council on the 13th February 1986 and were confirmed by the Secretary of State for Social Services on 29th May 1986 are revoked.

The foregoing byelaws are hereby confirmed by the Secretary of State for Health on and shall come into operation on

Member of the Senior Civil Service

Department of Health



NOTE – THE FOLLOWING DOES NOT FORM PART OF THE BYELAWS

Proprietors shall take all reasonable steps to ensure compliance with these byelaws by persons working on premises. Section 16(9) of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1982 provides that a registered person shall cause to be prominently displayed on the premises a copy of these byelaws and a copy of any certificate of registration issued to him under Part VIII of the Act. A person who contravenes section 16(9) shall be guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 2 on the standard scale (see section 16(10)).

Section 16 of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1982 also provides that any person who contravenes these byelaws shall be guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 3 on the standard scale. If a person registered under Part VIII of the Act is found guilty of contravening these byelaws the Court may, instead of or in addition to imposing a fine, order the suspension or cancellation of the person's registration. A court which orders the suspension of cancellation of a person's registration may also order the suspension or cancellation of the registration of the premises in which the offence was committed if such premises are occupied by the person found guilty of the offence. It shall be a defence for the person charged under the relevant sub-sections of section 16 to prove that he took all reasonable precautions and exercised all due diligence to avoid commission of the offence.

Nothing in these byelaws extends to the practice of acupuncture, or the business of tattooing, semi-permanent skin-colouring, cosmetic piercing or electrolysis by or under the supervision of a person who is registered as a medical practitioner, or to premises in which the practice of acupuncture, or business of tattooing, semi-permanent skin-colouring, cosmetic piercing or electrolysis is carried out by or under the supervision of such a person.

Nothing in these byelaws extends to the practice of acupuncture by or under the supervision of a person who is registered as a dentist, or to premises in which the practice of acupuncture is carried out by or under the supervision of such a person.

The legislative provisions relevant to acupuncture are those in section 14. The provisions relevant to treatment other than acupuncture are in section 15.

The key differences in the application of requirements in respect of the various treatments are as follows:

The references in the introductory text to provisions of section 14 (acupuncture) of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1982 only apply to acupuncture.

The references in the introductory text to provisions of section 15 (tattooing, semi-permanent skin-colouring, cosmetic piercing and electrolysis) of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1982 do not apply to acupuncture.

The references in paragraph 1(1) in the definition of "premises" to provisions of section 14 (acupuncture) only apply to acupuncture.

The references in paragraph 1(1) in the definition of "premises" to provisions of section 15 (tattooing, semi-permanent skin-colouring, cosmetic piercing and electrolysis) do not apply to acupuncture.

The requirement in paragraph 2(2) that treatment is given in a treatment area used solely for giving treatment applies to acupuncture, tattooing, semi-permanent skin-colouring, cosmetic piercing and electrolysis but not to ear-piercing or nose-piercing using a hygienic piercing instrument.

The requirement in paragraph 2(3) that the floor of the treatment area be provided with a smooth impervious surface applies to tattooing, semi-permanent skin-colouring and cosmetic piercing but not to acupuncture or electrolysis or ear-piercing or nose-piercing using a hygienic piercing instrument.

The requirements relating to dye or a container used to hold dye used for treatment in paragraphs 3(1) (a) (iv) and (v) apply to tattooing and semi-permanent skin-colouring.

The requirement in paragraph 4(1)(a)(iii) that an operator wears disposable examination gloves that have not previously been used with another client does not apply to acupuncture otherwise than in the circumstances described in paragraph 4(3).

The provisions of paragraph 4(2) in relation to washing facilities apply to cosmetic piercing using only a hygienic piercing instrument.

The exception whereby the byelaws do not apply to treatment carried out by or under the supervision of a dentist applies only to acupuncture (see section 14(8) of the Act).



By virtue of paragraph(s) 7 of Part 1 of Schedule 12A of the Local Government Act 1972.



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